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Code No: MA2502

GEC-R17

I B. Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, December 2017

## LINEAR ALGEBRA AND INTEGRAL TRANSFORMS

(Common to Computer Science and Engineering and Information Technology)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

**Note:** All Questions from **PART-A** are to be answered at one place.

Answer any **FOUR** questions from **PART-B**. All Questions carry equal Marks.

### PART-A

**6 × 2 = 12M**

1. Using Echelon form of a matrix, find the rank of  $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & -3 & -1 & -3 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$
2. Find the characteristic equation of the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$
3. Define index and signature in Quadratic form.
4. Find  $L[\cos(at + b)]$ .
5. Find  $L^{-1}\left[\frac{3(s^2-2)^2}{2s^5}\right]$
6. Find Fourier Sine transform of  $f(x) = e^{-ax}$ ,  $a > 0$ .

### PART-B

**4 × 12 = 48M**

1. a) Reduce  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$  to normal form and hence find its rank. (6M)
  - b) Solve completely the system of equations:  $x+y-2z+3w=0$ ,  $x-2y+z-w=0$ ,  $4x+y-5z+8w=0$ ,  $5x-7y+2z-w=0$ ; (6M)
2. a) Find the Eigen values and corresponding Eigen vectors of the matrix:
 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (8M)
  - b) If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$  express  $A^6 - 4A^5 + 8A^4 - 12A^3 + 14A^2$  as polynomial in A. (4M)
3. Reduce the quadratic form  $x_1^2 + 3x_2^2 + 3x_3^2 - 2x_2x_3$  to canonical form by an orthogonal transformation. (12M)

4. a) Find the Laplace transform of  $f(t)$ , where  $f(t) = e^{2t} + 4t^3 - 2\sin 3t + 3\cos 3t$  (8M)
- b) Define unit step function and write Laplace transform of unit step function. (4M)
5. Using Laplace transform method, solve the differential equation  $(D^2 + 1)y = \sin 2t, t > 0$ , if  $y(0)=1, y'(0)=0$ . (12M)
6. a) Find the Fourier Sine transform of  $f(x) = e^{-|x|}$  for  $x \geq 0$  and  $a > 0$ . And show that
- $$\int_0^\infty \frac{\alpha \sin m\alpha}{\alpha^2 + 1} d\alpha = \frac{\pi}{2} e^{-m}, m > 0 \quad (8M)$$
- b) Find the Fourier cosine transform of  $e^{-3x}$ . (4M)

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